

1. Find the following limits, if they exist. If the limit does not exist, write “does not exist.”

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x - 3}$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x - 2}{x^2 + 4}$

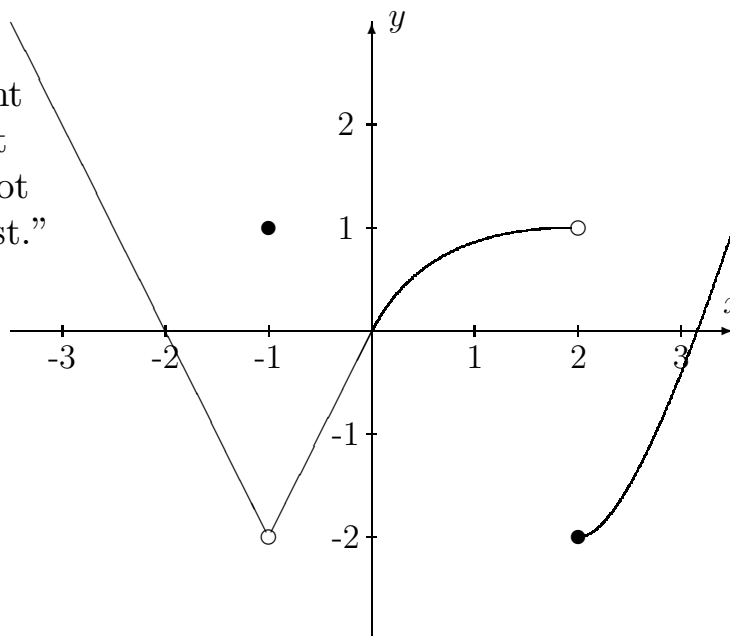
c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^3 + 14}{7x^3 + 10x}$

2. Use the graph of f at right to estimate each limit if it exists. If the limit does not exist, write “does not exist.”

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x)$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x)$



3. Find the derivative of each function. Do not simplify.

a) $f(x) = 3x^5 + e^{-2x}$

b) $f(x) = (x^3 + 1)^2$

c) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 + x^2}}$

d) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 5x}{x^2 - 4}$

e) $f(x) = 5 + x^3 \ln x$

4. Find the second derivative of the function $f(x) = xe^{-x^2}$.

5. Find an equation of the line tangent to $y = 4 + \frac{2}{x}$ at $(1, 6)$.

6. Suppose that the monthly demand for the Acme Corporation premium watch is given by the demand equation

$$p = \frac{400}{0.01x^2 + 1}$$

where p denotes the unit price in dollars and x denotes the quantity demanded (in hundreds). How many watches should be made and sold each month in order to maximize the manufacturer's revenue? (Hint: revenue is price times quantity.)

7. Suppose $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + x}{x^2 - 4}$.

- Find all vertical asymptotes for the graph of f .
- Find all horizontal asymptotes for the graph of f .

8. Let $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 3}{x^2}$.

$$\text{Then } f'(x) = \frac{-2x + 6}{x^3} \text{ and } f''(x) = \frac{4x - 18}{x^4}.$$

- Find the interval(s) on which $f(x)$ is increasing.
- Find all points where relative maxima and minima occur.
- Find the interval(s) on which $f(x)$ is concave up.
- Find all inflection points.

9. Find the absolute minimum and maximum of the function $f(x) = x^4 - 2x^3$ on the interval $[-1, 3]$.

10. The XYZ Company estimates that the marginal profit from producing and selling x big screen TVs is

$$P'(x) = -0.003x^2 + 0.4x + 200$$

dollars. What is the difference in profit between making and selling 200 TVs and making and selling 300 TVs?

11. Compute the following integrals:

a) $\int \left(x^3 + 2 + \frac{5}{x^2} \right) dx$

b) $\int x e^{3x} dx$

c) $\int_0^1 \frac{e^x}{1 + e^x} dx$

d) $\int_0^4 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x+1}} dx$

12. Find the present value of the income stream generated at the rate of $R(t) = 10,000$ dollars per year for the next four years if the prevailing interest rate is 6% per year, compounded continuously.

13. Suppose $f(x, y) = x \ln y + y \ln x + \frac{y}{x}$. Find:

a) f_x

b) f_{xy}

14. Let $f(x, y) = x^3 - 3xy + y^3 + 4$. The critical points for this function are $(0, 0)$ and $(1, 1)$. Classify each critical point as a relative maximum, a relative minimum, or a saddle point.

15. Use the method of Lagrange multipliers to find the maximum value of $f(x, y) = x^2 y$ subject to the constraint $x^2 + y^2 = 16$.

1.
 - a) 5
 - b) 0
 - c) $\frac{5}{7}$
2.
 - a) -2
 - b) does not exist
 - c) 1
3.
 - a) $f'(x) = 15x^4 - 2e^{-2x}$
 - b) $f'(x) = 2(x^3 + 1) \cdot 3x^2$
 - c) $f'(x) = -\frac{1}{2}(3 + x^2)^{-3/2} \cdot 2x$
 - d) $f'(x) = \frac{(2x + 5)(x^2 - 4) - (x^2 + 5x)(2x)}{(x^2 - 4)^2}$
 - e) $f(x) = 3x^2 \ln x + x^3 \cdot \frac{1}{x}$
4. $f''(x) = (4x^3 - 6x)e^{-x^2}$
5. $y = -2x + 8$
6. Revenue is maximized when 1000 watches are made per month ($x = 10$).
7.
 - a) $x = 2$ and $x = -2$
 - b) $y = 3$
8.
 - a) $(0, 3)$
 - b) Relative maximum at $(3, 4/3)$
 - c) $(9/2, \infty)$
 - d) $(9/2, 35/27)$

9. Absolute minimum is $f(3/2) = -27/16$ and absolute maximum is $f(3) = 27$.
10. \$11,000
11. a) $\frac{x^4}{4} + 2x - \frac{5}{x} + C$
b) $\frac{1}{3}xe^{3x} - \frac{1}{9}e^{3x} + C$
c) $\ln \frac{1+e}{2}$
d) 2
12. $\frac{10,000}{0.06}(1 - e^{-0.24})$
13. a) $f_x = \ln y + \frac{y}{x} - \frac{y}{x^2}$
b) $f_{xy} = \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}$
14. Saddle point at $(0, 0)$ and relative minimum at $(1, 1)$.
15. The maximum value is $f(\frac{4\sqrt{6}}{3}, \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}) = \frac{128\sqrt{3}}{9}$.